Roll No.

E-3826

M. A./M. Sc. (Final) EXAMINATION, 2021

MATHEMATICS

(Compulsory)

Paper First

(Integration Theory and Functional Analysis)

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt any *two* parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit—I

- 1. (a) State and prove Hahn decomposition theorem.
 - (b) State and prove Lebesgue decomposition theorem.
 - (c) Define product measure. Let $\{(A_i \times B_i)\}$ be a countable disjoint collection of measurable rectangle whose union is a measurable rectangle A × B. Then :

$$\lambda (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) = \Sigma \lambda (\mathbf{A}_i \times \mathbf{B}_i)$$

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Unit—II

- (a) Define regular measure. Prove that the intersection of a sequence of inner regular set of finite measure is inner regular. Also, the intersection of a decreasing sequence of outer regular set of a finite measure is outer regular.
 - (b) State and prove Riesz-Markoff theorem.
 - (c) If a function f is absolutely continuous in an open interval (a, b) and if f'(a) = 0 a.e. in [a, b], then f is constant.

Unit—III

- (a) Prove that a normed linear space X is complete if and only if every absolutely convergent series in X is convergent.
 - (b) Let X be a normed linear space. Then show that the closed unit ball $B = x \in X : ||x|| \le 1$ in X is compact if and only if X is finite dimensional.
 - (c) Let $1 and <math>\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$. Then prove that l_p^* is

isometrically isomerophic to l_q .

Unit—IV

4. (a) State and prove uniform boundedness theorem.

- (b) Let X and Y be Banach space and T be a continuous linear transformation of X onto Y, then the image of each open sphere centred on the origin in X contain an open sphere centred on the origin in Y.
- (c) Define reflexive space. Prove that if X is a Banach space, then X is reflexive if and only if X* is reflexive.

Unit—V

- (a) Let C be a non-empty closed and convex set in an Hilbert space H, then there exists a unique vector in C of smallest norm.
 - (b) Prove that every Hilbert space H is reflexive.
 - (c) Let T be a bounded self-adjoint operator on a real Hilbert space H, then :

$$||T|| = \sup |\langle x, Tx| : ||x|| = 1$$